THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

A champion brave, alert and strong....To aid the right, oppose the wrong.

Vol. II.] Camp Douglas, U. T., Saturday Morning, December 31, 1864. [No. 154.

The Daily Union Vedette,

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,) AT

CAMP DOUGLAS, U. T.,

—BY—

OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN,

—OF THE—

California and Nevada Volunteers.

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☞ SPECIAL NOTICES charged for at the rate of fifty cents a line, each insertion.

☞ MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, and DEATHS are published in this paper free of charge.

☞ All Orders addressed "To the Publishers of the DAILY UNION VEDETTE, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory," will meet with prompt attention.

☞ All Communications must be addressed to the "Editor of the DAILY UNION VEDETTE, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory."

☞ MR. LUCIUS A. BILLINGS is our authorized Agent for the transaction of business in Salt Lake City. Orders left for him at the U. S. Subsistence Storehouse, Main street, will be promptly attended to.

L. P. FISHER,

NO. 629 Washington Street, is the only Agent for THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE, in the city of San Francisco. All orders for advertising, left with him will be promptly attended to.

J. M. SIMMONS,

Assistant Assessor Internal Revenue, First Division, District of Utah.

Residence: Two doors east of the Theatre, opposite City Hall, Salt Lake City. s20tf

JAS. M. THURMOND,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

Office at Oriental Hotel, up stairs.

Particular attention given to Criminal business. All Legal Instruments drawn up on the shortest notice. d5tf

J. P. TIERNAN, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

SALT LAKE HOUSE.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and from 4 to 9 P. M. pland

JAS. W. STEVENS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, will practice in all the Courts of the Territory. Office on 1st East Temple street, opposite Seventy's Hall. oct11-tf

GILBERT & SONS.

Dealers in

Groceries, Hardware, Clothing etc.

c3tf Main St., next to Salt Lake House.

SALT LAKE HOUSE,

F. LITTLE.....Proprietor.

East Temple Street, Salt Lake City. s26tf

CALIFORNIA HOUSE!

State Street, Salt Lake City.

McMASTERS & MASON, Proprietors.

T. D. BROWN & SON,

Provision Store,

EXPRESS & EXCHANGE OFFICE,

East Temple Street, Salt Lake City.

AUSTIN H. CLARK. | JOHN W. KERR. | M. H. CLARK.

CLARK & CO.,

BANKERS,

East Templest., (Salt Lake House,) G. S. L. City.

Exchange Sold on all parts of the United States and Europe. s26tf

HADLEY & MINER,

Auction and Commission Merchants

Main Street, No. 6, below 2d South Temple street.

All kinds of Merchandise and Stock taken and Sold on Commission.

Stock Sales at 10 A. M. Regular Sales every evening at 6½ o'clock. dec15tf-plm

JAMES LINFORTH,

Commission Merchant,

208 BATTERY STREET,

San Francisco, Cal.

Sight Drafts on Salt Lake City, Utah Territory.
" " " " Austin, Nevada Territory.

Particular attention given to purchases for Utah. jy2tf

T. B. HELLER. B. F. SNYDER.

HELLER & SNYDER,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Second South Temple Street, two doors from East Temple Street, (west.)

WILL sell at public and private sale, at Ten o'clock every morning, Horses, Wagons, Merchandise, etc. Warehouse for Storage.

Wanted: Produce of all kinds. s19tf

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

Dealers in

Dry Goods & Ready Made Clothing.

o3tf Main Street, Salt Lake City

UNITED STATES SALOON.

W. L. SHOLES, Proprietor.

This is the FIRST and OLDEST established House in

SALT LAKE CITY.

If you wish the BEST DRINK, cold or hot, call at this house.

If you wish the BEST COCKTAIL, call at this house.

If you wish to smoke the BEST CIGAR, call at this house.

If you wish to read the LATEST NEWS, call at this house.

If you wish to be TREATED LIKE A GENTLEMAN, call at this house.

A GOOD FIRE

always kept at this House; also, a fine

OYSTER AND LUNCH ROOM,

where everybody can be served on the shortest notice by CHARLEY TURNER or MR. ANGELL.

Lunch Room open day and night, also on Sundays.

Saloon Hours from 4 o'clock in the morning until 10 at night. o25tf

TELEGRAPH COAL BED.

PARTIES can be supplied with Coal at this Mine on the shortest notice.

Orders left at the Telegraph Office or at the Mine, will be promptly attended to

GEO. W. CARLETON,

Great Salt Lake City, April 6th 1864 oct3tf

National Corral and Liv'ry Stable

NEXT TO NATIONAL HOTEL, 1ST SOUTH TEMPLE STREET, GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

THE subscribers have fitted up in good style a Stable and Corral, and are now able to furnish

GOOD SADDLE ANIMALS

—AND—

Splendid Turn-Outs

to all who may favor them with their patronage.

HORSES GROOMED AND BOARDED BY THE DAY OR WEEK.

s4tf **MOREHOUS & WALL.**

BOUNTIES! BOUNTIES!!

The Highest Price Paid for

CALIFORNIA BOUNTIES,

—AT THE—

San Francisco Clothing House.

nov8tf **AARON NEWFIELD.**

M. BERGER. I. MORRIS.

PROVISION MARKET!

The undersigned having procured a stall in the

NEW CITY MARKET,

Will keep constantly on hand a good stock of

CHOICE FRUITS, GROCERIES, BUTTER, EGGS, POULTRY AND PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS,

Which we will sell at prices to suit the times.

n17tf **MORRIS & BERGER.**

BEN. HOLLADAY, New York. } { W. L. HALSEY, G. S. L. City.

HOLLADAY & HALSEY, BANKERS.

At the office of the Overland Stage Line, Great Salt Lake City, will pay the highest rates for

GOLD DUST AND COIN.

Dust bought for Coin or Currency.

Cash paid for Govern't Vouchers.

Drafts payable in Coin or Currency sold on

New York,
San Francisco, Cal.,
Virginia City, Idaho,
Denver City, Colorado,
Atchinson, Kansas,
Portland, Oregon and
Victoria, British Columbia.

Postage Currency and Revenue Stamps for sale nov21tf

YOUNG AMERICA SALOON.

THE undersigned having newly purchased and fitted up the above Saloon respectfully solicit the patronage of their friends and the public as they are always prepared to supply them with the finest brands of

Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

HOT AND COLD DRINKS

got up in the

FINEST STYLE.

Liquors, 25 cents.

nov21tf MAGEE & JACKSON.

MANSION HOUSE,

Corner Emigration street and State Road.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

The undersigned having taken this large and commodious Hotel respectfully solicits the patronage of the public.

Excellent sleeping accommodations, and the table provided with the best the market affords.

Good corral and stabling on the premises.

d7tf L. A. JOHNSON.

CITY RESTAURANT.

Main Street, (opposite U. S. Subsistence Store-house,) Salt Lake City.

The subscriber having fitted up in elegant style this

NEW RESTAURANT,

And made it

NEAT AND COMPLETE

In all its apartments and arrangements, are determined so to keep it that those patronizing them will find no fault. The Tables will always be supplied with the

Best the Market Affords.

Board per week.....$16.00

sep27tf R. BAKER, Proprietor

GREENBACK SALOON,

Cor. Main and 2d South Temple St.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING NEWLY supplied the above saloon with the BEST BRANDS of

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS,

Is the only place where you can get the real

SAN FRANCISCO COCKTAILS,

NEW YORK PUNCHES, and

PHILADELPHIA TOM AND JERRYS.

n26tf **M. ANTON, Prop'r.**

IOWA HOUSE,

MAIN STREET,

BOISE CITY, IDAHO TERRITOY.

WE HAVE RECENTLY ADDED SLEEPING ROOMS, double and single. Can now furnish

NICE, CLEAN BEDS,

with an abundant supply of warm blankets for forty persons, and

Spring Beds

for those who prefer them. Our table will be supplied with the best in the market. Hay and grain fed at our stables on reasonable terms. Give us a trial.

s17 3mp P. SMITH & CO.

ORIENTAL RESTAURANT.

(On the San Francisco plan.)

South west corner, Main & 2d South Temple Sts.

SALT LAKE CITY.

STEELE, ROGERS & CO., Proprietors.

WE are now prepared to accommodate all those who extend to us their patronage.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS,

From 5½ A. M. to 2½ A. M. Our tables will be always supplied with the

Best the Market Affords.

☞ Ball parties accommodated on the shortest notice. d3tf

NEW STORE! NEW STORE!!

ELLIS & BROTHERS

Have just received a full and complete assortment of

General Merchandise,

consisting in part of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

MILLINERY GOODS IN VARIETY,

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hats,
Embroideries of all descriptions,
Cassimere and Berage Shawls,
Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes,
Yankee Notions, etc., etc.

Also, a full assortment of Gentlemen's

Ready Made Clothing,

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

Hats and Caps of all prices and qualities,
Boots and shoes of the best manufacture,
California blankets of varied shades,
Straw mattings, Window shades, etc.

And a full and complete assortment of

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

Rope of all sizes, Glass and Queens ware, Stationery and Blank Books. Dye Stuffs, etc.,

All of which we offer for sale, wholesale and retail, at prices cheaper than the cheapest, taking as our motto

Small Profits and Quick Sales.

One of our firm residing in the market city, our facilities are such that we shall constantly be in receipt of new goods, which we will endeavor always to purchase with an eye open to the requirements and to the advantage of this community.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere and we assure you that you will be satisfied.

Politeness, strict attention, and Accommodation to Customers, will always be the order of the day.

☞ **All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Goods.**

*** Our place of business is on the west side of East Temple street, (Main street.)

o8-tf ELLIS & BROTHERS.

S. J. LEES.....E. SHOEBRIDGE.

HURRAH

FOR THE

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS!!

LEES & SHOEBRIDGE,

Main Street,

SALT LAKE CITY,

Have just received from the East and opened a Splendid Stock of

Staple and Fancy Groceries,

Embracing a full Stock of

Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Spices, Oysters, Fruit, Candles,

CHEWING & SMOKING TOBACCO, CIGARS, FANCY PIPES,

Palm, German, Castile & Fancy Soap, Notions, Dye Stuffs, Boots, Shoes, Hats,

STATIONERY, JEWELRY, ETC.

—ALSO—

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF NAILS.

☞ N. B.—The Provision and General Outfitting Business will be conducted at the old stand of S. J. LEES, by the new firm. d5-1m

SCOTT, KERR & CO.,

BANKERS,

(*Successors of Powers, Newman & Co.,*)

EAST TEMPLE STREET,

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY,

(Godbe's old Drug Store,)

Receive Moneys on Deposit,
Buy Coin,
Gold Dust,
and Exchange.

Pay Interest on Time Deposits, by special agreement, and transact a General Banking Business.

CORRESPONDENT:

METROPOLITAN BANK, N. Y. CITY.
DREXEL & CO., Phila., Pa.
SCOTT, KERR & CO., Leavenworth, Kansas. dec1-tf

A GREAT SEAL, INDEED.—A correspondent of the Virginia *Union* says:

The "Great Seal of the State of Nevada," authorized by the Constitutional Convention, has arrived—and it is truly a "great" seal, being fully nine inches in circumference. It is altogether too large for any practical use. The design is the sun rising over a range of mountains, railroad train (via Placerville) crossing trestlework, and on a curve. In the foreground, a quartz mill (a portion of the stamps not running) tunnel, and man dumping a car load of rock from its mouth. Six mule team hauling rock from said dump pile to said mill. The motto is, "All for Our Country." I think that seal ought to be sent to the first Sanitary Fair that is held. It would "draw" immensely. If retained as the seal of state, I imagine it will be a source of much comment by the outside world. It looks rather ostentatious for the smallest state (in population) of the Union to flourish a seal as large as an ordinary flapjack—besides, it cannot be used to advantage.

THREE-CENT NOTES.—S. M. Clark, Superintendent of the Printing Department in the Treasury, says a Washington letter of the 18th, has nearly completed the necessary plates and machinery for the issue of three-cent notes. It is understood that Secretary Fessenden favors this denomination of currency, in order that the people may be relieved from the exactions of those speculators who obtain control of the nickel cent and two-cent pieces as fast as issued from the Mint, and compel dealers requiring them to pay a premium of ten to fifteen cents to obtain a necessary supply for the transaction of business.

REMINISCENCES OF A DEMOLISHED PRISON AT PARIS.—The Hotel des Haricots, in Paris, was lately demolished. It used to be the place where National Guardsmen were conducted when under arrest. Many Paris notabilities have passed a night there, and the walls of the little prison are literally covered with inscriptions, caricatures, sketches, chiefly executed with the burnt end of a cigar, verses engraved with a penknife, by poets, novelists and artists. It was here, by the dim light of a tallow candle, that Alexander Dumas first wrote his charming novelette, *Un Cas de Rupture.*

MISCALCULATION OF POLITICAL KNAVES.—A good joke is told at the expense of the honest Democracy of Miami county, Indiana. They regarded their Senatorial district as perfectly safe, counting on the large majority of 1862, and desiring to aid their friends in Cass, they sent some one hundred and fifty of their votes to assist in carrying that doubtful district. The consequence was a Union Senator was elected in the Miami district, and the rousing Union majority in Howard county saved a Union Senator in the Cass district. We rather guess that a worse disappointed set of knaves never practiced pipeplaying since elections were invented.—Alton (Ill.) Telegraph.

The Daily Union Vedette.

SATURDAY MORNING, DEC. 31, 1864.

THE OLD AND THE NEW YEAR.

Ere we shall again address our readers the old year will have passed away, and the new born 1865 will be upon us. Nearly twenty years have been buried in the past since these valleys first resounded with the advancing steps of the first settlers. Through toil and hardship, plenty and starvation, peace and rebellion, happiness and sorrow, alternating with each other, has the desert emerged from barrenness to prosperity. But of all the revolving years, not one has been so marked in its results on the well being of Utah, as that which is passing away. Change, improvement and progress, are marked on all sides, and the Utah of to-day is no more what it was one short year ago, than light is unto darkness. In the City the transformation has been not merely remarkable and apparent, but truly wonderful. A spirit of enterprise has taken firm hold on all classes of people. The slow plodding routine of yore, has given place to activity and true life. The people seem to have roused from a long time lethargy, and at last to be awake. Gigantic mercantile structures have taken the place of the one story adobes of former years; the market has been enlarged, and its long line of stalls would do credit to a larger place; mercantile houses have trebled in number; while bakeries, shops, book stores, periodical stands, and the thousand and one places—the accompaniments of civilized communities—heretofore unknown in these parts, have multiplied on all hands. We have not space to enumerate a tithe of the improvements which have taken place, but it is apparent a "change has come o'er the spirit of the dreams" of the entire community. Real estate has advanced an hundred, and in some instances two and three hundred per cent., and, as a whole, the people are prosperous beyond any former period in their history.

So long as the absurd and impossible doctrine of isolation governed, so long did the people feel the burthens of their situation in constrained poverty and voluntary oppression. Now, that the outer world begins to mingle with them—bringing hither capital, enterprise, energy, liberality, and the spirit of progress—surely there are none so blind and callous as not to see and appreciate the beneficent results. The people, whatever the leaders may say, begin to suspect that the "Devil is not so black as he is painted;" that "unbelievers" in Joe Smith and Brigham Young—ungodly Gentiles—are not such beasts of prey as they have been told; that there is at least a little virtue outside of Zion, and that, perhaps, some "good may come out of Nazareth."

While we note with gratification the increased prosperity of the people and their material advancement during the year which is waning, every lover of humanity must rejoice still more at the advancement in intelligence which marks the present from the past. The scales are indeed falling from the eyes of the blinded from delusion; their quickened minds and enlightened consciences begin to discover the heresies which have so long bound them down; they are each day picking the wheat from the chaff, and while they will cling even with fanatical ardor to the good in their religion, as surely as the sun dissipates darkness will enlightenment and contact with civilization cause them to reject the false teachings of their false teachers.

The dawn of new life has broken upon Utah, and the rising sun of progress, liberality, christianity and enlightenment is mounting rapidly to the zenith. In vain do trembling and stricken hands seek to avert its upward flight.

With more than ordinary confidence and satisfaction, we wish our readers and the whole people a "Happy New Year."

NEW YEARS IN CAMP AND TOWN.—We are requested to announce that the ladies of camp and city have held a Grand New Year's Convention, and after as many sweet speeches as such a conclave only could produce, unanimously adopted the following resolution:

Resolved. That New Years day will be celebrated in Camp Douglas on Saturday, Dec. 31st, and in Salt Lake City on Monday, January 2d.

We have received a full phonographic report of the proceedings of the convention, but have only space to call attention to the result—the above resolution. By this happy arrangement the camp folks can do the honors to-day, and on Monday enjoy the hospitality of their city friends. While the young men can cool their fevered brows on Sunday. As the Governor of North Carolina said to the Governor of Georgia, "It's a long time between drinks."

NO PAPER ON MONDAY.—To enable the attachés of this Office to enjoy the New Year's festivities like "any other man," no *Vedette* will be issued on Monday.

A WHITE WOMAN HELD CAPTIVE BY INDIANS.—A Minnesota paper says: From Captain Davy, who was one of the officers sent to the relief of Captain Fisk's party, we learn that the Indians have a white woman in their possession, who is compelled to live as the wife of one of the principal chiefs. From him we learn that while the Indians were besieging Fisk's party, they informed the Captain by messengers that they had a white prisoner in their possession, and that they were willing to sell her. They said that she could write, and the next day they would have her write a letter stating their terms. Accordingly, the next day a letter was brought to the Captain, written by the prisoner, which stated that she had been captured while crossing the Plains in connection with a large train. The train was surrounded while crossing the Plains west of Fort Laramie, and after a fight, was surrendered to the Indians upon condition that they would spare the lives of all the men, women and children connected with it.

After the surrender all were killed but the woman—her husband among the others. Her name is Mrs. Kelly, and she formerly resided somewhere in Kansas. She said that the Indians would sell her for thirty head of cattle, but told the Captain not to give that number, as they would take a great deal less.

A correspondence was continued in this manner for several days, in the course of which she told the Captain that the Indians wanted him to proceed on his journey, but advised him not to do so, as they intended following him up, and would murder his whole party when they got them in the mountains. Finally the Captain offered to give them three horses and a wagon load of provisions, which offer they said they would accept, and deliver her up next day. At the appointed time the Indians left, taking the prisoner with them.

TRAITOR'S BIOGRAPHY.—Sam Medary, of Columbus, Ohio, is dead—"the Lord reward him according to his works!" He died on the second of November last. He was an accomplished political trickster, one of the vilest scoundrels that ever lived, and has ruined more young men through his wiles and false doctrines than any other man of his age and country. He was the political godfather of John G. Breslin, the great defalter; of John B. Weller, the school-fund thief; of C. L. Weller, the conspirator; of Vallandigham, Pendleton, Cox, and other Ohio traitors, and at the time of his death was a high officer of the secret treasonable organization of the "Sons of Liberty," corresponding with the "Knights of the Columbian Star" of this State. When Sam Medary died one of the devil's own children went home to his father's house. The old scamp has left many heirs to his infamy, but few so thoroughly corrupt and depraved as himself.—*Nevada Gazette*.

AN EXAMPLE.—Imagine Sheridan addressing his army beyond Winchester: "Boys, I am requested by the Chicago Democratic Convention to say to you that after your 'four years of failure to restore the Union by the experiment of war,' the 'sympathy of the Democratic party is heartily and earnestly extended to you.'" "Beyond Winchester" would be a mighty unsafe place for the Chicago Convention about that time.—*N. Y. Tribune*.

[COMMUNICATED.]

THE LAWS OF UTAH.

No. 13.

The law concerning Common Schools is scarcely worth the paper upon which it is printed. Governor Harding in his annual Message of 1862 informs the Legislature that he was unable to find any law upon the subject in the statutes. It is possible that this remark was intended as a sarcasm upon the law. If however, he intended precisely what his language said, he did not examine the statutes carefully, else he would have found on page 287, S. of 1855, the law upon the subject bearing date Dec. 30, 1854, and also upon page 7, S. of 1861-2, an Act supplementary thereto. There is no Territorial school fund provided—no provisions made for the sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections of land after the Indian title is extinguished. In fact the school law amounts to simply nothing, and the common schools are wholly sustained by such taxes as the people residing in the district may order. The law does not even provide for a county school tax. The writer is pleased to observe that the *Deseret News* is stirring up the Legislature on this subject. On the other hand the statutes are cumbered with an immense and unwieldly militia law, and thousands of dollars have been appropriated to sustain it. And to make this expenditure appear more ridiculous, no Governor, aside from Brigham, has ever commissioned an officer under the law, or seen a company to review. Brigham directs and controls the entire force—uses it to guard his premises and escort him through the Territory. The law requires the Lieutenant General (a big title) to make annual report to the Governor, yet Harding was compelled to send in his Message without knowing anything about the militia of the Territory. It is not intended that any Federal officer, unless he chooses to be a Mormon, shall know anything about the militia. It is reserved to execute when necessary by armed force, if possible, the counsel of the Presidency; for instance when Brigham intended to resist the passage of Johnson's army through Echo Cañon, and again in the spring of 1863 when he feared "the six hundred on the hill" intended to arrest him.

In early days it was compelled to fight the Indians in order to secure a peace from them, but at that time the Governor and head of the Church were represented in one person. The militia of the Territory is designated the "Nauvoo Legion," and is divided into nine military districts. In addition there is a battalion of Life Guards in Salt Lake City not attached to any brigade or division, which is subject—in the word of the law—"at all times to the call of the Governor and Lieutenant-General." This body of men generally guard Brigham's premises and accompany him when on tours through the country.

CALIFORNIA AND OREGON RAILROAD.—We find the following article in the Eugene City (Oregon) *State Journal* of December 3d:

Colonel Barry has published a pamphlet purporting to be a report on "the preliminary survey" of the proposed railroad from "Marysville (Cal.), to the Columbia river in Oregon." The length of the route from the Siskiyou mountains to the Columbia river, at St. Helena, by way of Hunter's Ferry, Big Cañon, Long Tom and Coast Mountains, is set down at 287 miles. The cost of building a railroad that distance is estimated at $15.000,000, or an average of $52,000 per mile. It is estimated that the road, if completed from Marysville to the Columbia river, would bring in a revenue of over nine millions of dollars per annum, which, after deducting expenses for running and repairs, would leave over five millions of dollars. It is doubtful whether a railroad of so great a length and through a country so thinly settled, would be a paying institution at the present time or for some time to come. It is generally believed, however, that a railroad from the head of the Williamette Valley is needed and could be sustained, especially if it should run through the valley and not round on one side of it.

A NOTABLE LITTLE STEAMER.—A steamer is running on the Connecticut river, owned by parties in East Windsor, Conn., which is only 33 feet long. The most curious feature is the little engine and the water wheel, the latter located in the stern, on a principal somewhat original, since by its position the paddles strike the water in an oblique line, which, while it prevents any lifting motion of the light little craft, is well calculated to give it speed. The distance by river to Hartford is about 17 miles; yet the little craft goes the whole distance in 40 to 50 minutes, and the fuel consumed is but one good sized old fence-rail!

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

Cincinnati, Dec. 29th.

A package of quartermaster vouchers amounting to nearly $200,000 and approved, were taken from a train captured by the rebels on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad on the 23d.

Louisville, Dec. 29th.

A reliable telegram from Guest's station on the 28th represents Burbridge's command as in good shape, returning to Lexington after a most successful expedition. Burbridge destroyed the railroad for ten miles beyond Wyethville. Breckenridge was badly whipped and left for North Carolina. The rebel department of northwestern Virginia has no longer any efficiency.

New York, Dec. 29th.

The Australiasian from Liverpool the 17th, Queenstown 18th. The London Times applauds Secretary Seward for the well merited snub which he gave to Mr. Parker, the would-be presentor of a peace address to President Lincoln.

According to rebel reports our gunboats on the Roanoke are having poor success. The rebels claim to have repulsed them three times near Fort Bratnel, and the last time on Friday last.

Steamers from Havana the 14th say that reports have been received at Havana, via Porter, that the San Domingo rebels had submitted to the Spanish Government.

Nashville, Dec. 29th.

Union prisoners who escaped from Florence, arrived on the 27th at Columbia, and state that Hood's army arrived at the Tennessee river on the 21st. The next day his infantry crossed on a pontoon which he had removed above the shoals out of the reach of the gunboats. One of the prisoners states Hood entered Tenn. with 110 cannon, that he counted 25 on his retreat, and on Saturday when twelve miles this side of the Tennessee river, they heard heavy firing in the direction of Florence, probably Gen. Steadman's force engaged with Forrest.

Washington, Dec. 29th.

The following report from Burbridge's operations have been received:

Cottlesburg, Ky., Dec. 18th.

I have the honor to report that my mounted force, 4,000 strong, in conjunction with General Gillem's brigade, the whole under command of Gen. Stoneman, marched from Bean's station on the 25th of December at daylight. They met Duke's brigade at Kingsport. I sent two regiments to support Gen. Gillem, who flanked the enemy, routing them, killing, wounding and capturing 100 rebels and taking their wagon train, pursuing them to Bristol, which place we attacked and captured with 250 prisoners, two trains of cars, five engines and an immense quantity of stores. I learned that Vaughn was at Zollicoffer, twenty miles below, and marched to attack him. He slipped away in a dense fog and made for the salt works. I discovered his flight in time to head him off at Abingdon, which place I captured on the night of the fourteenth, taking one gun, a large amount of stores and an engine, together with the rolling stock. Gen. Gillem continued the pursuit of Vaughn, coming up with him from a strong position, capturing fifty prisoners. I sent Brown's brigade to support Gillem, who again came on the enemy at Mount Airy, and drove him in confusion, capturing some prisoners, seven pieces cannon and a large wagon train. Col. Brown's brigade, later in the day, charged the home guard, capturing five pieces of cannon and eight caissons. Major Harrison, of the 12th Kentucky, who had been detached by the order of Gen. Stoneman, with 300 men, struck the Virginia railroad on the 15th, near Glade Springs, capturing two trains of cars. When he got in Vaughn's front he continued along the line of the railroad destroying all the bridges and depots as far as Weithville, and a large amount of rolling stock, and the great iron works near Marion. Col. Brown destroyed the bridges for ten miles above Weithville. When the expedition started on its return, the men and horses being nearly worn out, came on Breckenridge, who was following, an engagement of thirty-six hours ensued, at the close of which, Breckenridge retreated towards Saltville; but Col. Buckley, with his brigade, forced him in confusion towards North Carolina. Col. Buckley effectually destroyed the lead mines near Weithville, on the night of the 20th, after a resistance of our united forces, and captured the salt works, with eight pieces of cannon. The expedition has been entirely successful and will be more felt by the rebels than the loss of Richmond. The salt works and lead mines are in ruins, and can't be repaired during the war. My forces now at this place are safe.

(Signed) BURBRIDGE.

New York, Dec. 30th.

Sailed from New York 29th, ship Colwater, for San Francisco, and from Boston 28th, Golden Fleece, for San Francisco.

The latest rebel newspapers received contain a manifesto from Jefferson Davis, giving notice that the pirate Bennet G. Burley, concerned in the capture of vessels on Lake Erie and attempting to seize U. S. steamer Michigan, and liberate the rebel prisoners at Johnsons Island, who was recently released from arrest at Toronto, is a regularly commissioned officer in the rebel navy, and was dispatched from Richmond specially for the purpose of executing the work, which he endeavored to carry out.

Some of the Richmond papers are urgent in the demand that Gen. Lee should be made commander-in-chief of all the rebel armies, or dictator. In the rebel House of Representatives on the 24th, a resolution declaring that the writ of habeas corpus ought not to be suspended, was defeated by ten majority.

The Richmond Sentinel foresees a formidable winter campaign by the National armies against Charleston and Augusta, and says the evacuation of Savannah by our troops and the occupation of the city by Sherman's army was simply to give the enemy another point on our coast. The ocean front of Georgia will be exposed like the ocean front of North Carolina and Virginia, to a species of hostility that will annoy, without strengthening the foe. It is probable, however, that a formidable attempt on Charleston will be an early consequence of the fall of Savannah. Foster already holds a fortified position.

Miscellaneous Items.

COL. CHIVINGTON'S burning an Indian village is to be investigated at Washington. So says the dispatches.

PARTIES who have recently returned to Fort Bridger from a prospecting tour, found gold on Snake and Green rivers in considerable quantities, but the severity of the weather precludes all possibility of winter mining in that vicinity.

THE mails to Virginia City, Montana, are conveyed but once a week, owing to the depth of the snow.

J. R. McConnell is delivering temperance addresses in Virginia City, Nev.

A "respectable" funeral in New York costs five hundred dollars.

IT is announced that Prince Frederick of Schleswig, Holstein-Noer will marry the daughter of a rich American gentlemen.

FOUR hundred poor families are to emigrate from Vienna to New Mexico.

THE Treasury Department is printing and issuing weekly, about $12,000,000 of legal tender and National Bank currency.

THE New York *Herald* has a list of thirty-six railroad accidents which have occurred from Sept. 2d to Nov. 17th inclusive, by which 129 persons lost their lives, and 356 were wounded.

SEVENTY-FIVE bounty jumpers were paraded through the streets of Washington recently to the tune of the Rogue's March.

GEN. BURBRIDGE'S expedition has resulted in the capture of extensive salt works and lead mines in rebeldom.

OLD CALIFORNIANS AT THE EAST.—We have been permitted, says the *Aka*, to make the following extracts from a private letter from an old Californian, now at the East, to a friend in this city:

Trenor W. Park is amusing himself building a palace at Bennington, Vermont, to cost some hundreds of thousands, laying out parks, fish-ponds, fountains, etc. He has bought the Troy and Boston and the West Vermont railroad, and is President of each company. He is also in company with Vanderbilt building another railroad to connect with them from the South, and make a new route from New York to Montreal, shorter by fifteen miles than the present one. He has also a National Bank, $500,000 capital, at North Bennington, of which he is President and owns three-fourths of the stock. Charley Lincoln, ex-editor of the *North Californian* at Oroville, is cashier of the institution. Park also has several hundreds of thousands invested in oil wells in Pennsylvania, which, with his California property, makes him worth nearly $2,000,000.

I saw Rev. E. S. Lacy, in July, at Mr. Park's, in Bennington; spent a short week with him. Of course we both enjoyed it. He sailed for Europe, with his wife and child, in a not very hopeful state of mind. Probably he'll never be well, though he may preach more.

Elijah Dewey, another Californian lives in Bennington, and I also met Hop Squires there.

Local Matters.

WE LEARN that the party given by the Y. M. L. Association in the city last evening, was the scene of another night's pleasant enjoyment. These little "socials" are participated in with that degree of real pleasure which is oftentimes not experienced at a large and fashionable party and crowded ball room. Every one feels at home and can say among friends, "how do you do," and "let's have a dance," without danger of infringing upon, in many cases, forced etiquette.

THE Nevada Cavalry, not wishing to stand "below par" with their commdes at this post, are rapidly enrolling their names as Good Templars, thereby sustaining the general reputation of being an honor, instead of a disgrace, to the name of soldier.

THE non-arrival of the Paymaster in this District makes the "New Year's" festivities rather dull. However, many pleasant calls can be made and social greetings can be exchanged.

THE troops at Camp Douglas, U. T., will be inspected and mustered by Lt. Col. J. B. Moore, 3d Bat. Inf. C. V., commanding Post, to-day at 10 o'clock a. m.

PRICE OF GOLD.

COIN—210.
DUST—Virginia $35; Boise $31.50.

GALLANT LITTLE EXPLOIT.—The following will show your readers how the rebels hurried away from Chicago when they found their designs on the city and Camp Douglas for the 8th of November were exposed:

Captain Louis F. Booth, 9th Illinois Cavalry, was among those furloughed from Memphis to come home to vote. He left Chicago on the Michigan Central Railroad for Kalamazoo on the day of election. The train had not proceeded far when he noticed five rebels in the car occupied by himself. Being an invalid, in an overcoat, he was not observed by them. He also found two soldiers, one of whom only was armed. The rebels were fully armed. Captain Booth immediately telegraphed to the Provost Marshal of Michigan City to meet the train. On its arrival there, Captain Booth threw off his overcoat, showing his toothpick and revolver, arrested the Johnnies, and turned them over to the Provost Marshal.

There proved to be nineteen of them on the train, who are all (thanks to Captain Booth) doubtless now enjoying the little hospitalities of Camp Douglas. - *New York Tribune, Nov. 18th.*

TWO MEN DROWNED.—A correspondent of the Marysville *Appeal*, writing from Mountain Spring House, December 13th, says:

There was two men drowned last Friday, the 9th instant, ten miles above this place, on the Middle Feather, at a place known as Marblecomb or Pyramid Rock. It appears they had gone across the river to prospect and were returning home. The current was so strong they could not make their landing and were carried over the ripple below. I believe no one saw them, but when they were about opposite their house their partner thought he heard one of them cry out, "Look out." That was all that was heard of them. The bodies of the drowned men have not been found; but several pieces of the boat have been found. They were Englishmen. Their names were Jack Baker and Edward Cleas or Clare. I don't know that Baker has any relatives in this country. Clare, has, or did have an uncle, I believe, in San Francisco.

SPIRITUALISM IN PARIS.—In Paris alone there are 60,000 men who have no other religion or creed than that of *spiritismé*, or as we call it, "spiritualism." There, the belief is as thoroughly organized a system as any sect of the Christian religion. It has its decipline, its priests, its altars, etc., as well as its papers, reviews, publications of all sorts, with editors and booksellers of its own.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL,
NEW-YORK.
S. LELAND & CO.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL,
SAN FRANCISCO.
LEWIS LELAND & CO.

UNION HALL,
SARATOGA SPRINGS.
W. W. LELAND & CO.
dec20-2m

WASHINGTON SALOON,
1st South Temple st., opposite the Theater,
SALT LAKE CITY.
Finest Wines, Liquors and Cigars,
Always on hand.
dec19tf G. MOORE, Proprietor.

BODENBURG & KAHN

Respectfully announce to the residents of the Territory, that they have just received from the

EASTERN MARKET,

an entire new stock of

Merchandise,

Which they offer for Sale at their Old Stand, on

EAST TEMPLE STREET.

DRY GOODS,

Consisting of

SILKS, FRENCH AND ENGLISH MERINOS,

POPLINS, LAWNS, MOHAIRS,

MOZAMBIZUES, PLAIN AND FANCY DELAINES,

PRINTS, DENIMS, HICKORYS,

CHECKS, SHEETINGS, LINSEYS, FLANNELS,

and a variety of New Styles

WOOLEN HOODS, NUBIAS, SCARFS

—and—

DOUBLE SHAWLS.

GROCERIES

Of the Finest:

Tea,
Sugar,
Coffee,
Spices,
Dye Stuffs, etc.

Also, a Splendid Stock of

Ladies' and Gents' Boots and Shoes,

Gents' Ready Made

Clothing & Furnishing Goods

MILITARY CLOTH,

Hardware, Queensware, Stationery

Cigars,

CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO,

etc....etc.,....etc.

dec15tf BODENBURG & KAHN.

G. Rosenbaum, L. Newman,

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY

MEAT MARKET.

ROSENBAUM & NEWMAN

TAKE PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING

TO THE PUBLIC THAT

THEY HAVE

Now Opened

—THE—

LARGEST MEAT STALL IN THE CITY,

WHERE THE

Choicest Meats

Will Always be on Hand:

BEEF,
PORK,
MUTTON,
VEAL,
LAMB,
PORK SAUSAGE, HEAD CHEESE,
LIVER SAUSAGE,
CORNED BEEF,
CORNED PORK,
PICKLED TONGUE,
TRIPE,
BRAINS,
SWEET BREADS,
And everything in the Business.

THE patronage of the Public is respectfully solicited for this establishment.

Every effort will be made to gratify the wishes of customers, and orders sent by the young will have the same prompt attention.

WE INVITE INSPECTION.

N. B.--Purchasers will have their Meats sent to any part of the City

FREE OF CHARGE!

ROSENBAUM & NEWMAN.
Nov. 16th, 1864.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS!

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

Begs leave to inform the public that they will soon open their

NEW STORE,

OPPOSITE THE

Overland Stage Line Office,

Where they will offer for sale, one of the

Largest
And
Best
Assorted

STOCK

OF

MERCHANDISE

Ever brought to this City.

We shall have

Everything that is to be Found,

IN A

FIRST CLASS STORE.

We shall also keep the store we now occupy Where we will always have on hand a

Fine and Well

ASSORTED STOCK

OF

Clothing and Furnishing Goods.

Liberal Deduction Made

TO

COUNTRY DEALERS.

Flour, Grain and other Produce taken, for which Cheapest prices will be allowed.

o3tf N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

CALL AT

WALKER BRO'S

—FOR—

French and English Merinos,
Alpaca Lustres,
—AND—
Mohairs,
Cobourgs,
Poplins,
Alcetas,
Grenadines,
Ecossais,
ALL WOOL REPS,
Fine Black Silks and Ginghams,
of all qualities,
AMERICAN & FRENCH DELAINES,
Jaconett, Swiss, Book, Dotted and Barred Muslins,
Victoria and Bishops Lawns.
The above line complete in every style.
Bleached and Unbleached Table Damasks,
French Broadcloths and Cassimeres,
All Wool French Shawls,
a beautiful selection.
Flowers, Ruches, Bonnet, Taffeta and Velvet Ribbons,
French Corsets, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Hair Nets, Embroidered and Linen Collars, Fancy Dress Trimmings,
PERFUMERY and STATIONERY,
Shakspeare's and other Dramatic Works, Fancy Albums, and a great variety of Books suitable for Christmas and New Years' Presents.
Also, Wilson's Complete Series of School Books.
A very heavy stock of Foreign and Domestic
DRY GOODS,
China, Queens and Tin-Ware,
CUTLERY,
Miners' and Carpenters' Tools,
of every description.
Groceries
of Finest quality, and
CANDIES
in great variety.
dec24tf WALKER BRO'S.

A DESIRABLE THING.

A WELL MADE BOOT OR SHOE THAT combines ease and comfort with that elegance and gracefulness so sought for and admired by persons of good taste and sound judgment, can always be obtained at a REASONABLE PRICE, by engaging the services of

MR. DAVID PUDNEY,

At the Josephite Missionary House, 12th Ward,
GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

Ladies and Gentlemen, so desiring, will be waited upon at their residences.
Orders from Camp Douglas respectfully solicited. dec27-tf

CALIFORNIA HOUSE.

State Street, Salt Lake City,
One and a-half blocks south of Theater.

THE subscriber having leased, re-modeled and fitted up in good style the house of E. M. Cast, is now fully prepared to accommodate any number of guests with first class

Boarding and Lodging.

The table will be always supplied with the **Best the market affords.**

☞ Pleasant rooms, clean and comfortable beds, etc. McMASTERS & MASON,
dec1-tf Proprietors.

SALT LAKE HOUSE.

East Temple Street.....Salt Lake City.

THIS LARGE AND EXCELLENT HOTEL HAS BEEN open so long to the public, that it is unnecessary for the proprietor to give it any recommendation, except that it has lately been re-modeled and re-fitted with extensive additions, has First Class accommodations, good, clean Beds, and Tables supplied with the

BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.

In connection with the House is a BAR always furnished with the choicest brands of

Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

nov1tf P. LITTLE, Proprietor.

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between WELTON & DILDINE, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued under the name and firm of DILDINE & EARLES, who will liquidate all outstanding debts against the old firm. Parties who are indebted to WELTON & DILDINE will make payment to their successors, who are authorized to receipt for the same.

Stockton, Rush Valley, U. T.,
December 16th, 1864. dec23-1w

UNION VARIETIES

WILL perform at the CAMP THEATER each Monday and Thursday evenings, until further notice, with a change of programme each night. dec13-tf

Miners' Meeting.

At a meeting of miners, held at Messrs. Miller, Heaton & Co's. mills, pursuant to notice published in the *Daily Vedette*, for Dec. 16th, 1864. On motion of M. S. Stickney, Dr. O. H. Congar was elected Chairman *pro tem.* On motion of A. Sackrider, M. S. Stickney was elected Secretary. The object of the meeting was stated by the Chairman. Then on motion of J. A. Weller, the meeting stood adjourned, to meet at 8 A. M., Dec. 7th, 1864.

Dec. 17th, '64. Meeting opened as to previous adjournment. On motion of J. A. Miller, Dr. O. H. Congar was unanimously elected as permanent Chairman of the meeting. Then, upon motion of R. B. Chisholm, M. S. Stickney was elected as Secretary.

The meeting was then opened by the Chairman stating the object of said meeting. Upon motion of A. D. Heaton, the laws as revised Aug. 2d, 1864, were read. The meeting then proceeded to select a committee consisting of five (5.) J. A. Miller as Chairman, Dr. O. H. Congar, R. B. Chisholm, A. D. Heaton and Jas. Dixon, as said committee, to consider the Mining Law and report amendments, which were reported and adopted. Amending Article 4th, Notice 6th, Article 11th, and striking out Article 7th.

The above amendments were unanimously adopted.

The Recorder was instructed to obtain a new set of books, in which to transfer all locations heretofore recorded, and retain the old set of books for reference. Then, upon motion, Wm. P. Clark was unanimously elected as Recorder of West Mountain Mining District. On motion the meeting adjoured *sine die.*

M. S. STICKNEY, Secretary. Dr. O. H. CONGAR, Chairman.

ARTICLE 1. This District shall include that portion of territory situated in the Territory of Utah and bounded as follows: Commencing at the confluence of the river Jordan with Great Salt Lake, and running thence in a southerly direction along the east bank of the said river to its point of exit from Lake Utah; thence along the west margin of said lake to the 40th degree north latitude, (Greenwich;) thence along said 40th degree of north latitude to the eastern boundary of Tooele county; thence along said boundary to the Great Salt Lake, and from thence easterly to the place of beginning.

ARTICLE 2. The extent of a claim on any mineral vein shall be two hundred (200) feet along the lode, with a width of one hundred (100) feet on each side of the lode, including all its dips, spurs, depths, widths, off-shoots, out-croppings, variations, and all the mineral and other valuables therein contained; and priority of location shall determine the ownership of all cross or other leads traversing ground claimed under these laws. The discoverer and locator of a lead shall be entitled to one claim additional for discovery. Not more than twenty-four hundred (2400) feet shall be located on any one mineral lode, which may be taken on either or both ends of the discovery claim; all other claims located on the same vein or lode, shall be located as new discoveries.

ARTICLE 3. No person shall hold more than one claim by location, on any one vein; by purchase any number of claims may be held.

ARTICLE 4. It shall be the duty of the Recorder, whenever application is made to him, to record a claim, to go upon the ground, measure accurately said claim, and erect or cause to be erected, a mound of rocks at the point of discovery of said claim, three feet in diameter and two feet high, with a stake in the center, of sufficient height above the mound for the notice to be posted thereon, of said claim, said notice shall state particularly the distances and directions of said claim, for which recording and locating he shall receive the sum of one dollar and fifty cents ($1,50) in the currency of the United States; also, fifty cents each for all extra certificates furnished, and on the failure of the Reborder to perform such duty after receiving notice by writing, or in person, from any claimant, he not only forfeits his fees, but is subject to immediate removal from his office.

ARTICLE 5. The Recorder shall keep two series of books, in one of which to record all locations, and in the other, all transfers of claims in this district—to be styled: Book A, B and C, of Claims, and Book A, B, and C, of Transfers, in the latter of which he shall place on record all deeds of shares presented for that purpose, for which he will be entitled to receive a sum not exceeding one dollar ($1.00) in each case; and all such records, with the necessary Revenue Stamps affixed, shall be deemed legal evidence of sale or ownership, as the case may be.

ARTICLE 6. Upon each location prescribed in article 4th, there shall be done fifty dollars worth of work within six months from this date, or the date of the location thereof—each individual claimant paying or working the pro rata amount of the requisite fifty dollars, or upon their failure to do so, their claims to be subject to re-location When the said amount of fifty dollars worth of work shall have been done, the Recorder shall grant certificates of Real Estate, or realty to each claimant, who has complied with these laws; also upon all the claims upon which the requisite amount of work has already been done, the Recorder shall certify accordingly, upon application of the claimant or claimants, provided, however, that should the claimants be prevented from working by local insurrection or rebellion, their claims shall not be forfeited; and provided further, that no claim belonging to a Soldier shall be subject to re-location until six months shall have elapsed after his discharge from the service of the United States, unless he shall sign an agreement or articles of incorporation to the contrary.

ARTICLE 7. All claims shall be recorded within ten days after a notice of location shall have been posted thereon; but, a notice filed for record in the Recorder's office, shall be considered in all cases, equivalent to a record.

ARTICLE 8. Locators on veins of Coal or Iron, shall be entitled to five hundred (500) feet for each location, and five hundred (500) feet additional for discovery; and in all other respects shall be subject to, and enjoy all the privileges and immunities of these laws.

ARTICLE 9. All voters at meetings to regulate mining interests, shall be claim-owners in this District.

ARTICLE 10. All meetings for the purpose of election, or changing these laws, must be called by posting written notices in at least three public places in the District, or by publishing the same in some newspaper printed in the Territory, nearest this mining District, said publication to be made by the Recorder or ten actual claim holders, in either case, during at least twenty (20) days previous to such meeting, stating the object thereof

ARTICLE 11. All examinations of records shall be made in the presence of the Recorder or his Deputy. When relieved, the Recorder shall turn over to his successor all books and papers pertaining to his office. He shall have a seal, and attest all acknowledgments and certificates made by him; Provided, that he may use his private seal until the proper seal of office shall be procured.

JNO. A. MILLER,
Chairman Committee on Revised Laws and Amendments.

BINGHAM KANYON, U. T.
December, 17th 1864.

CITY BAKERY.

THE undersigned beg most respectfully to announce to the public of

SALT LAKE CITY & UTAH TERRITORY,

that they have opened, on Main Street, opposite the Salt Lake House, an

EXTENSIVE BAKERY,

where at all times may be found a full assortment of

Pastry and Cakes of all Kinds,

among which are the following:

FRUIT CAKES,
POUND, do.,
CHRISTMAS, do.,
WASHINGTON, do.,
BOSTON GREEN, do.,
JELLY, do.,
JELLY ROLLS,

and a large stock of

CANDIES,
NUTS,
CHRISTMAS PRESENTS, etc.,

to which they invite the attention of all.

dec20-tf **BRADBURN & CO.**

AUSTIN M CLARK, J. W. KERR, HILTON E CLARK.

Clark & Co.,
BANKERS,
Great Salt Lake City,

DEALERS IN

COIN,
GOLD DUST
and EXCHANGE.

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT.

Correspond with the Metropolitan Bank, New York; Clark & Co., Leavenworth; Clark & Co., Denver.

Refer by permission to Bank of Commerce, New York; Drexel & Co, Philadelphia. jy1tf

FOR SALE!

GUNNY SACKS, EMPTY BARRELS, AND PACKING BOXES, of all sizes, for sale at the Subsistence Warehouse, Great Salt Lake City. oct11tf

GILBERT & SONS,

Main Street, next to Salt Lake House.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Dealers in

Groceries,
Provisions,
Clothing,
Hardware,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Stationery,
School Books,

All kinds Preserves, Pie and Can Fruits.

Coats,
Pants,
Vests,
Hats,
Caps,
Boots,
Shoes,
Gloves,
Handk'fs,

And a Splendid Assortment of

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

Also: a Large and

WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

Dry Goods,

Consisting of

Silks,
Lawns,
Cambrics,
Calicoes,
Checks,
Chambrays,
Flannels,
Shawls,
Ribbons,
Laces,
Hose,

And a well selected assortment of

Fancy, and Toilet Articles,

Such as

Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Flesh Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Coarse and
Fine Combs,

And a Choice Selection of

Pomades and Perfumeries.

Call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

Remember the place, next door to the Salt Lake House, Main Street, Salt Lake City.

oct3-tf **GILBERT & SONS.**

FREIGHT TO THE MINES!

FREIGHT TO VIRGINIA CITY!

Freight to Bannack City!

Freight to Boise City!

Freight to Idaho City!

The undersigned is prepared to furnish any amount of Transportation, for

ANY AMOUNT OF FREIGHT,

Either by

Mule or Ox Teams,

To the above, or other points, with

Safety and Dispatch,

And upon

REASONABLE TERMS.

☞ Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door south of Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

September 2d, 1864. s3tf

MULES.

I have Fifty Head of

Large, Young, and Well Broke

AMERICAN MULES,

Which I will exchange for

WHEAT,
BARLEY,
OATS,
FLOUR
OR HAY.

☞ Arply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door south of Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

September 2d, 1864. dec3-tf

OVERLAND STAGE LINE.

BEN HOLLADAY, Proprietor.

Carrying the great through mail between the

Atlantic and Pacific States.

This Line is now running

DAILY COACHES

In connection with the

OVE RAND MAIL COMPANY,

To and from Atchison, Kansas, Nebraska City and Placerville, California, through Salt Lake City.

Coaches for Atchison and Nebraska City leave every morning at ten o'clock

A Treasure and Freight Express

Carried weekly between

SALT AKE, ATCHISON and NEBRASKA CITY,

In charge of the most Competent and Trustworthy Messengers.

This Line also runs

TRI-WEEKLY COACHES,

Carrying Passengers, Mails and Express matter between Salt Lake City and Virginia City, Montana, via. East Bannack City. Also, a

TRI-WEEKLY LINE

Between Walla Walla, Oregon, and Salt Lake City, via. Boise City, West Bannock.

Time to Denver,..... 5 days.
Time to Atchison & Nebraska City. 12 "

jy8tf **JO. S. ROBERSON, Agent.**

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY.

TO VIRGINIA CITY, NEV. TER., IN FIVE DAYS.

The Overland Mail Company, carrying the

United States Mail

FROM

Salt Lake to Virginia City, N. T.,

Forms in connection with the Overland Stage, East, and the Pioneer Stage Co., West, the

GREAT OVERLAND MAIL LINE

BETWEEN

Atchinson, Kansas, and Placerville, California,

And a perfect line of communication between the

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COASTS

The coaches of this line are

Neat and Commodious,

And special attention is paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers.

The Trip from

Salt Lake City to Virginia, N. T.,

Is made

INSIDE OF FIVE DAYS;

Thence by rapid means of conveyance to Placerville, Sacramento and San Francisco, making the through trip

INSIDE OF SEVEN DAYS

Coach's Leave Salt Lake City,

EVERY DAY,

AT ONE O'CLOCK, P. M.

H. S. RUMFIELD, Agent.
Great Salt Lake City, July 1st, 1864. jy1tf